

SUNDAY MASS

12:30pm

5649 Mount Gilead Road Centreville, VA

Also streamed live on Facebook

YOUTH FAITH FORMATION

1st Sunday of Each Month

class is held during the 12:30pm mass and supplemental materials are made available on the parish website.

FELLOWSHIP SUNDAY

Last Sunday of Each Month

contact a member of the hospitality team if you'd like to bring a treat to share!

LECTOR UPDATE

Did you know that we have 11 members of the parish who are on the rotation for the Ministry of Lector? Consider joining the rotation and connect with Jordon if you have any questions or are interested. Resource materials are provided to each lector and readings are provided in advance along with pronunciation guides.

Homily Feedback

YOU CRITIQUE your homilist all the time. Talking with other parishioners, around the family table, at work, and in your mind repeatedly you've formed a lot of opinions about what your preacher says. But have you ever told a homilist what you think?

Most preachers get very little feedback from the assembly. But preachers have ways of finding out what people think. Does the parent of a crying child make any effort to calm the baby? Are people reading the bulletin instead of listening to the talk? Do jokes fall flat? Are some people poised to stand up as soon as the homily ends, like sprinters waiting for the whistle? Preachers have a general idea how attentive the listeners are. But most preachers don't get systematic feedback. And homilists rarely get to hear one another. You may try out several different preachers in the course of a year, but homilists don't. They work on Sundays.

If you've got something to say to your homilist, you'd do the whole parish a favor by speaking up. You should say positive things as well as negative ones. And never do it anonymously. Say it in person,

on the phone, or write it and sign your name. You'll learn tact and you'll accept responsibility for what you say. Your preacher may want to talk with you about your ideas. Here are some points to consider when you give feedback:

- Communication: Do you get the point of the talk?
- Organization: Does the homily have a beginning, a middle, and an end?
- **Scripture:** Does the homily help you understand and apply the Scripture?
- Significance: Does the homily touch your life?
- **Appearance:** Do your preacher's appearance or habits distract you from the message?
- Sincerity: Does your preacher seem to believe the message?
- Audio: Do the sound system and acoustics help you hear?
- **Improvement:** Is your preacher better now than a year ago?

Only you can change your opinions from idle gossip to helpful dialogue.

Bulletin Inserts for the Liturgical Life of the Parish: Gestures, Postures, and Customs of the Liturgy © 2020 Archdiocese of Chicago: Liturgy Training Publications. All rights reserved. Written by Paul Turner.

NEW PEW ARRANGEMENT

You might notice a new location of the piano at church which has taken up a few of the pews in the back of the church. Thank you, in advance, for your flexibility as we test out this new design!





YOUR PASTORAL TEAM

Fr. Julian, Fr. Jason, and Fr. David are honored to walk with you on your journey of faith and to support your spiritual needs.

The Book of the Names of the Dead

REMEMBERING THE DEAD

Christian communities remember the names of their dead. These names are heard in the Prayer of the Faithful during Mass and in the chanting of the Litany of the Saints at the Easter Vigil. The names of the deceased are seen on holy cards, memorial cards, and grave markers. Masses are prayed for the repose of souls. These rituals and practices serve to keep the memory of those who have gone before us in faith present in our minds and hearts.



liturgy direct our thoughts to the end times, when Christ will return in his full glory restoring the fullness of salvation to all of creation. What a perfect time to remember our beloved dead!

leaves have changed colors and are falling to the ground; the weather turns cold and bitter, while the readings of the

THE BOOK OF THE NAMES OF THE DEAD During the Month of All Souls, many parishes have the custom of giving a

place of honor to a book in which community members and visitors write the names of their beloved dead. The Book of the Names of the Dead was inspired by the ancient practice of recording the dates of the deaths of loved ones in a necrology, a public record or registry of death. This practice provides the living with an opportunity for healing

and consolation in the face of grief.

The Book of the Names of the Dead is usually displayed from the solemnity of All Saints until the beginning of Advent. It is left open for people to write the names of their deceased loved ones and for others to read the names, remember, and pray for the repose of their souls. Some parishes place The Book of the Names of the Dead near the vestibule or gathering space. Others display the book near the baptismal font with the lighted Paschal candle nearby, symbolizing that the deceased have shared in the waters of Baptism, dying with Christ and rising to new life. Placing the book by these waters gives us hope that our beloved dead now share in Christ's

Parishioners may be invited to bring framed pictures of those who have died to be displayed near or around *The Book* of the Names of the Dead. Votive candles can be lit. Holy cards, icons, or art images of favorite saints can also be placed there, as well as autumn leaves and fall flowers.

Remembering all of these men and women who have gone before us, "marked with the sign of faith," helps us better understand and appreciate our faith in the Christ our risen Lord who conquers sin and death and brings new life to all.

MONTH OF ALL SOULS

The origins of the solemnity of All Saints (November 1) and the Commemoration of All the Faithful Departed (All Souls Day, November 2) are connected. Honoring the dead dates to prehistoric times and finds expression in various parts of the world, with tributes given to deceased loved ones and veneration of those most worthy offered on the day of their birth. In the pre-Christian Celtic religion, November 1 and 2 were the celebration of their new year, when dead souls would return for a visit.

From the beginnings of the Church, Christians have cherished the memory of those martyred for the faith as icons of Jesus Christ. The small shrines built where the martyrs' remains were buried became places of prayer and pilgrimage. On the anniversary of a martyrs' death, the dies natules, or birth into the new and heavenly Jerusalem, was commemorated at the tomb, with Eucharist celebrated at dawn on their graves. The martyrs became venerated as disciples and imitators of Christ.

All the saints are celebrated each year on November 1; however, most Christian traditions of honoring the dead are linked with All Souls Day on November 2. On this day, we remember our own loved ones who have gone before us in faith. These tributes extend beyond the day itself and last through the month of November, the Month of All Souls. The days are now at their darkest; crops have been harvested;

ALL SAINTS/ALL SOULS

On **November 3rd** we will have on display at mass our traditional "Altar of the Dead." You are invited to bring any mementos and photos of deceased loved ones to put on the altar as we commemorate the souls of the faithfully departed. The mass intention on this day will be for the repose of the souls of those we loved who have died and for all those whose names are inscribed in the Book of the Names of the Dead. This book will be on display from November 3rd until the start of Advent on December 1. You are invited to add names to this book any time before or after mass each Sunday.

THANK YOU CATECHISTS

Last week we started a new season of faith formation for our youth and it was a huge success. Many thanks to Adriana and Tina who stepped into the role of parish catechists this year. This year we will be focusing on "faith essentials" beginning with common prayers and practices. With rolling admission it is never too late to register your child online.

Libro con los nombres de los difuntos

RECORDANDO A LOS DIFUNTOS

Las comunidades cristianas recuerdan los nombres de sus difuntos. Estos nombres se pronuncian durante la Oración de los Fieles durante la Misa y se entonan durante la Letanía de los Santos durante la Vigilia Pascual. Los nombres de los difuntos se inscriben en tarjetas de oraciones, en recordatorios de funerales y en las lápidas de las tumbas. Se celebran Misas por el eterno descanso de sus almas. Estos ritos y acciones ayudan a mantener presente en

nuestra memoria y corazones el recuerdo de quienes nos han precedido en la fe.

con toda su gloria para restaurar la plenitud de la salvación para toda la creación. ¡Qué ocasión tan perfecta para recordar a muestros queridos difuntos! LIBRO CON LOS NOMBRES DE LOS DIFUNTOS

enfría, y todo mientras las lecturas litúr-

gicas dirigen nuestros pensamientos hacia

el fin del tiempo, cuando Cristo regresará

Muchas parroquias, durante el mes de Todos los Difuntos, tienen la costumbre de colocar en algún lugar de honor un

de colocar en algún lugar de honor un libro en el que tanto los miembros de la comunidad como los visitantes escriben los nombres de sus serse queridos difuntos. El Libro con los nombres de los difuntos está inspirado en la antigua costumbre de escribir la fecha de la muerte de los seres queridos en una necrológica, un registro público de fallecimientos. Esta práctica ofrece a los que sobreviven a los fallecidos sanación y consuelo durante su sufrimiento y tristeza. El Libro con los nombres de los difuntos se coloca en algún

El Libro con los nombres de los difuntos se coloca en algún lugar visible a partir del día de la solemnidad de Todos los Santos y se retira al comenzar el Adviento. Durante este tiempo, se deja el libro abierto para que las personas escriban los nombres de sus seres queridos difuntos y para que otros lean los nombres, se acuerden de ellos y oren por el descanso eterno de sus almas. Algunas parroquias colocan el Libro con los nombres de los difuntos cerca del vestibulo de la iglesia. Otras lo colocan cerca de la pila bautismal, con el cirio pascual prendido a su lado, simbolizando así que los difuntos han compartido las aguas del Bautismo, muriendo con Cristo y renaciendo a una vida nueva. El colocar este libro junto a estas aguas nos da la esperanza de que nuestros seres queridos difuntos comparten abora en la Resurrección de Cristo.

Si se desea, se puede invitar a los feligreses a que traigan fotos enmarcadas de sus seres queridos difuntos y a que las coloquen cerca o alrededo de el Libro con los nombres de los difuntos. Se pueden también prender velas y colocar tarjetas con oraciones, iconos o imágenes de los santos favoritos, así como hojas y flores típicas del otono.

El recordar a estos hombres y mujeres que nos han precedido, "marcados con la señal de la fe", nos ayuda a entender y apreciar mejor nuestra propia fe en Cristo, nuestro Señor resucitado, quien conquista el pecado y la muerte, y nos trae a todos una vida nueva.

Talk To Us...

703-665-9730 - Parish Cell

Fr. Jason Lody, FCM jlody@mysaintanthonys.org

Fr. Julian Garcia jgarcia@mysaintanthonys.org

Facebook & Instagram @MySaintAnthonys

EL MES DE TODOS LOS DIFUNTOS

Los origenes de la solemnidad de Todos los Santos (1º de noviembre) y de la Commemoración de Todos los Fieles Difuntos (2 de noviembre) están relacionados entre si. El honra ra los muertos se remonta a tiempos prehistóricos, con expresiones diferentes en distintas partes del mundo, ofreciendo tributo a los seres queridos fallecidos y wenerando a los más dignos el día del aniversario de su nacimiento. La religión precristiana celta celebraba su año nuevo los días 1º y 2 de noviembre, cuando las almas de los difuntos regresaban para visitar a los vivos. Desde los origenes de la Iglesia, los cristianos han ateso-

Desde los origenes de la Iglesia, los cristianos han atesorado la memoria de quienes fueron martirizados por su fe como iconos de Jesucristo. Los pequeños santuarios que se construyeron sobre las tumbas de los mártires se convirtieron en lugares de oración y destino de peregrinajes. El día del aniversario de la muerte de un mártir, el dies natalis, el cual celebra el nacimiento del mártir en la Jerusalén nueva y celestial, se commemoraba junto a su tumba, con la celebración de la Eucaristía al alba sobre la tumba. Los mártires se convirtieron en objeto de veneración como discipulos e imitadores de Cristo.

Cada ano celebramos a todos los santos el 1º de noviem-

Cada año celebramos a todos los santos el 1º de noviembre. Sin embargo, la mayoría de las tradiciones cristianas que honran a los difuntos están asociadas al Día de Todos los Fieles Difuntos, que se celebra el 2 de noviembre. Ese dia recordamos a todos muestros seres queridos que nos han precedido en esta vida en la fe. Estos tributos van más allá de un solo día y duran todo el mes de noviembre, el mes de Todos los Difuntos. Durante esta época del año los días son más oscuros, la cosecha ha tenido lugar, las hojas de los árboles han cambiado color y están cayéndose, el clima se endurece y