The Second Coming of Christ

Lesson Focus:

- To explore the character of Christ's coming
- To see the relationship between prophecy and godly living
- To look forward to Christ's coming with confidence and joy

Christ came the first time to:

- **■** be the savior of the world (John 3:16)
- reveal God to us (Matt. 11:27)
- **■** provide a sacrifice for sin (Heb. 10:1-10)
- destroy the works of the devil (John 12:31)
- become a merciful & faithful high priest in things pertaining to God (Heb. 2:16-17)

The word coming: A translation of the Greek word parousia

Is used to describe the presence of Christ at two distinct events:

- 1. His coming <u>for</u> His saints: The Rapture of the Church (1 Thess. 4:15; 5:23)
- 2. His coming <u>with</u> His saints: Second Advent (Matt. 24:17; 2 Thess. 2:8)

Differences between the Rapture and the Second Advent

Rapture	Second Advent
For His Saints	With His saints
Bridegroom	Judge
Meeting in the air	Christ comes to the earth
Imminent	After Tribulation
Comfort	Wrath
Christ comes alone	Christ comes with armies

The Doctrine of Imminence "at any moment coming"

- Rapture passages have <u>no</u> warning signs (1 Thess. 4:13)
- Paul expected the Rapture during his time (1 Cor. 15:51)
- The repeated phrase "The Lord is at hand" (James 5:8; Titus 2:13)
- Corinthians were waiting for Christ's appearance (1 Cor. 1:7)

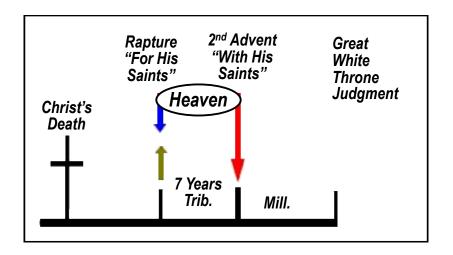
Key Passage on the Rapture 1 Thess. 4:13-18 reveals a:

- Return of Christ (4:16)
- Resurrection of the dead in Christ (4:17)
- Rapture/translation of living believers (4:17)
- Union with Christ & saved Christians (4:17)
- Reassurance of comfort (4:18)

The Rapture of the Church & the Advent of Christ

Revelation 3:10 supports a pretribulation rapture of the church

Revelation, chapter 20 supports a premillennial return of <u>Christ</u>



Events for the Church <u>after</u> the Rapture: The Judgment of Believer's Works

The Location: Heaven (Bema) (Rom. 14:10)

The Purpose: To evaluate our earthly works

The Method: Enduring quality of works (1 Cor. 3:12-15)

The Result: Bestowal of reward or loss of reward

Events for the Church <u>after</u> the Rapture: The Marriage of the Lamb

The Location: Heaven

The Time: After the Rapture; Before 2nd Advent (Rev. 19:7)

The Terminology: Bride and Bridegroom (John 3:29)

The Participants: Christ & the Church

Christ's Second Advent will be a:

- personal return (Acts 1:11)
- visible return (Acts 1:11; Rev. 1:7)
- return with angels and saints (1 Thess. 3:13)
- return that shakes the earth (Zech. 14:4)
- return to judge the nations (Rev. 19:15)
- return to establish the Mill. Kingdom (Acts 15:9)

The Tribulation Period

■ Its nature: Wrath (Zeph. 1:14-18)

■ Its duration: Seven years (Dan. 9:27)

■ Its source: God (Rev. 16:1)

■ Its scope: The whole earth (Rev. 3:10)

■ Its purpose: To try them that dwell on the earth (Rev. 3:10)

To prepare Israel for its king (Mal. 4:5-6)

Premillennialism

- Christ returns to the earth before the Mill (Rev. 20)
- Christ will rule for 1,000 years (Rev. 20)
- Covenants with Israel will be fulfilled (Gen. 12:1-3)
- At the end of the Mill, unsaved are cast into the lake of fire (Rev. 20:11-15)

The Nature of the Millennial Kingdom:

- Peace (Isa. 2:4; 9:6-7)
- Joy (Isa. 25:8-9)
- Full knowledge (Isa. 11:9; 54:13)
- Fruitful earth (Isa. 11:6-8)
- Prosperity & longevity (Isa. 30:23-25)
- Fullness of the Spirit (Joel 2:28-29)

In view of our hope of Christ's return, we should:

- Purify ourselves, even as Christ is pure (1 Jo. 3:3)
- Be diligent to be found of him in peace, without spot and blameless (2 Pet. 3:14)
- Live soberly, righteously, and godly in this present world (Titus 2:12)