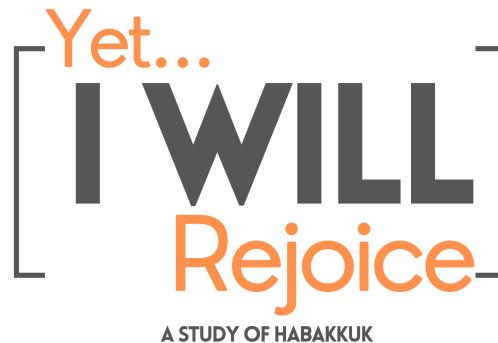


Questions

1. Re-read God's words to Habakkuk in 1:1-11. In what ways is God's sovereignty declared?
2. Can you think of a time when you grew impatient or discouraged and gave up on praying? Or, a time when you persisted in prayer even when you were tempted to be discouraged?
3. Speaking of God's attributes in our praying can be an act of worship. But how can it also help our hearts when we are praying about struggles or suffering?
4. What has been your experience of lamenting before God in prayer or voicing your struggles or questions to Him? Does Habakkuk's example help you as you think about wrestling in prayer?
5. How is Habakkuk's foundational role as a prophet (Ephesians 2:20) different from ours today, as it pertains to waiting on the Lord to reveal His answer?
6. Do you have a tendency to pray about something, but then to resume worrying about it after you have prayed? How can God's Word help you to rest in Him?
7. Read 1 John 2:1 and Romans 8:34. According to these verses, what does Jesus do for those who trust in Him? How does that help you when you are praying about a trial?

*Need prayer?
Someone will be up front by the piano to pray with you after the service.*

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Habakkuk 1:12-2:1
Doug Sachtlen
Lead Pastor
September 15, 2024

Praying and Waiting

In Habakkuk 1:12–2:1, we see five examples from how the prophet prayed in response to God's promise of judgment. These examples encourage us to pray even when we know God is sovereign over His creation.

Review of Habakkuk 1:1-11

In his response to God in 1:12-2:1, Habakkuk:

1. Persisted with God in Prayer

2.Recited Truths He Knew About God

4.Wrestled with God

3.Reaffirmed His Faith in God's Sovereignty

5.Prayed Expectantly and with Hope as He Waited on God